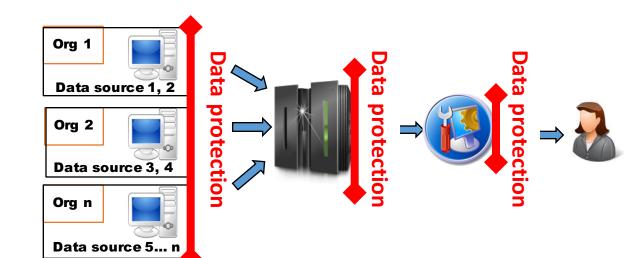
Pull It Together

Enabling Interoperability of Digital Forensic Systems Using a Standard Representation and Supporting API

Sean Barnum, FireEye Ryan Griffith, DC3



Motivations

- Exchange cyber-investigation information in standardized form
- Interoperability between systems and tools
- Maintain provenance at all phases of cyber-investigation lifecycle
- Provide structured/linked data to support intelligent analysis
- Enhance tool testing and validation of results
- Control access to privileged, proprietary, and personal information
- Restrict use of data covered under license agreements

Evolution of Standard Language

- CybOX (Cyber Observable eXpression)
 - Former open-source standard for representing digital objects and interrelationships
 - Subsumed by STIX specifically for cyber threat intelligence
- DFAX (Digital Forensic Analysis eXpression) [1]
 - Utilized CybOX for representing digital forensic information
 - Provided specification for representing provenance and forensic actions
- UCO (Unified Cyber Ontology)
 - Provide an abstract layer and express constructs that are common across the cyber domain (Action Lifecycle)
- CASE (Cyber-investigation Analysis Standard Expression)
 - Representing the broadest possible range of cyber-investigation domains, including digital forensics, incident response, and counter terrorism.

Community of current contributors

- U.S. Department of Defense Cyber Crime Center (DC3)
- U.S. National Institute of Standards Technology (NIST)
- MITRE
- Netherlands Forensic Institute (NFI)
- University of Lausanne (UNIL)
- EU Evidence project
- Various commercial entities getting involved...

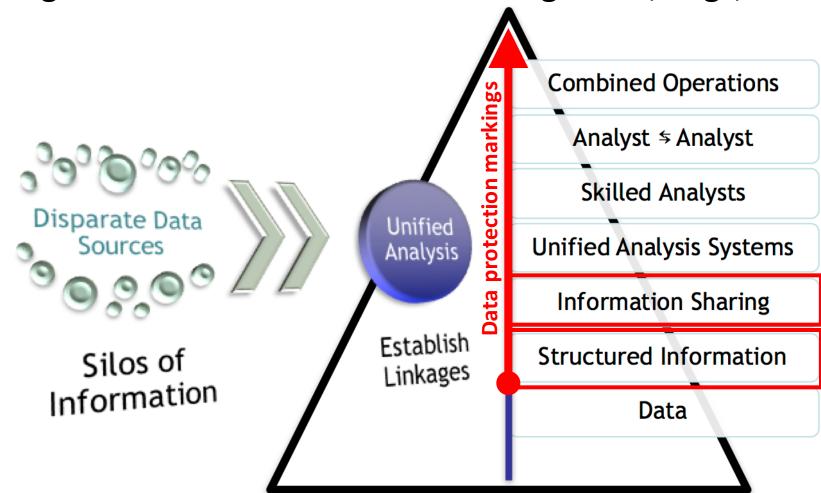
Commercial entities getting involved

- Access Data
- Basis Technology (Autopsy)
- Cellebrite
- FireEye
- Guidance Software
- 12 IBM
- Magnet Forensics

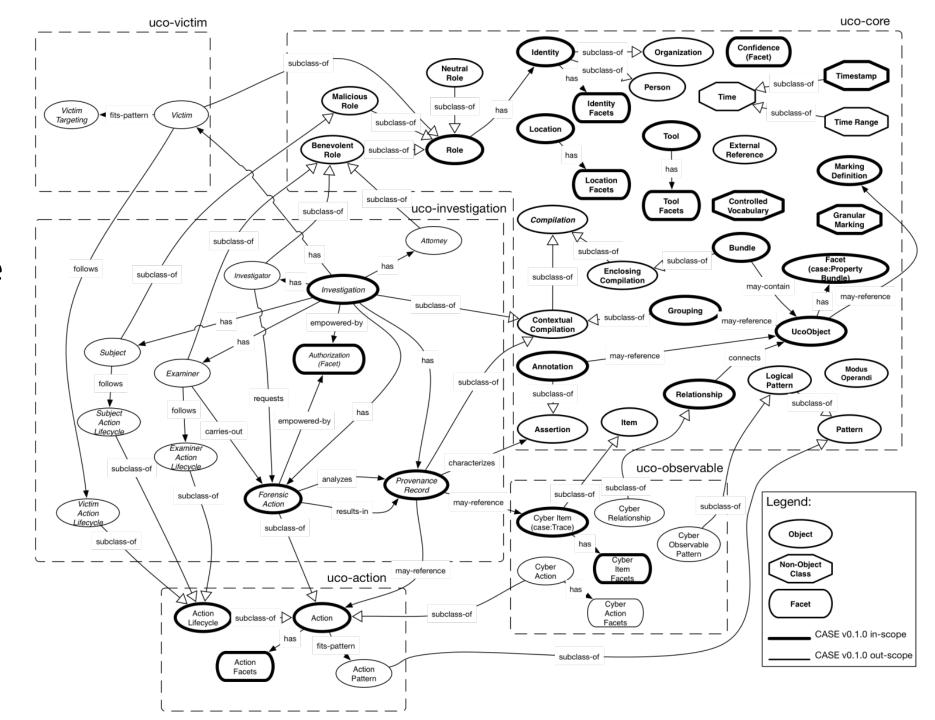
- Mercure
- Mobile Edit
- Network Miner
- Nuix
- Oxygen
- Volatility
- XRY

UCO & CASE – The big picture

• Pull together information across investigations, orgs, and domains



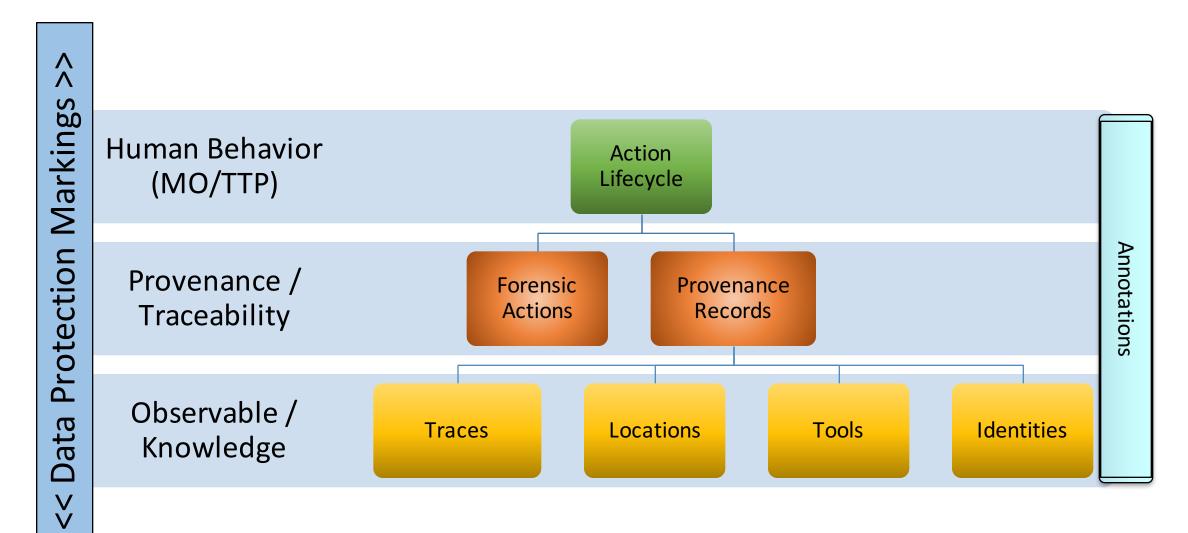
- Digital forensics
- Incident response
- Cyber security

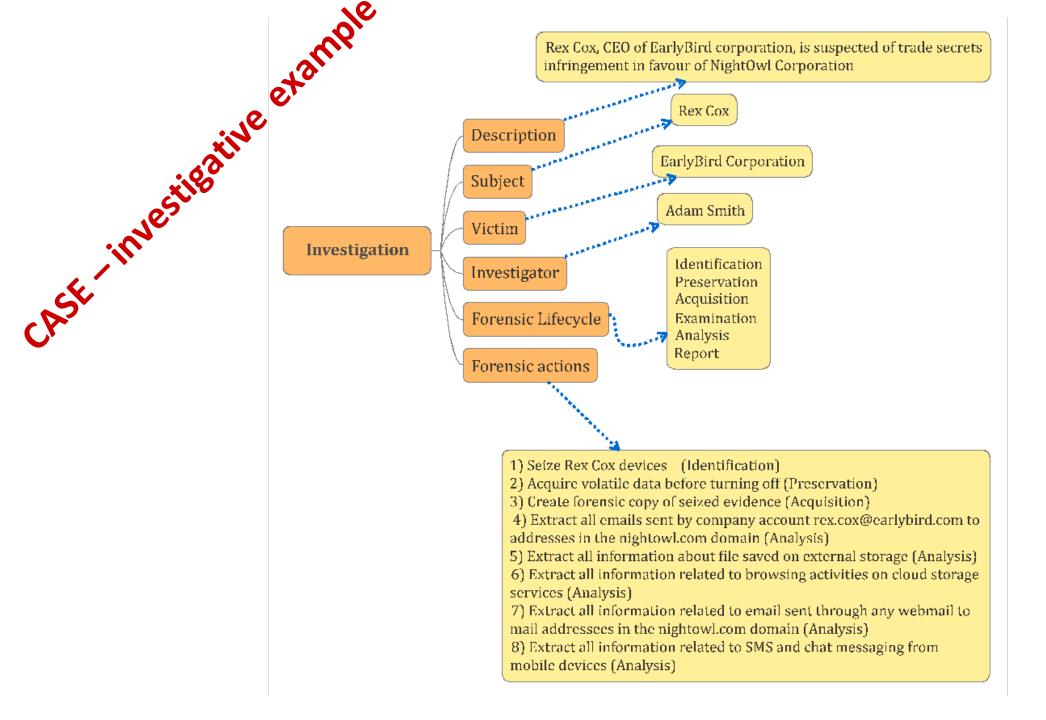


What CASE covers

- Digital traces and their context
 - Digital evidence details, including references, locations
 - Tool output, forensic findings, analysis results
- Provenance & Forensic Actions
 - Case details
 - Who did what to evidence where, when, and how?
- Processes
 - Tool & method details to support reproducibility / transparency
 - Kill chain phases of cyber attacks or grooming phases in sex offenses
- Offender & Victim Behaviors
 - Actions associated with known behaviors (e.g., evidence destruction or concealment)

CASE overview





CASE default serialisation is JSON-LD

```
"@context": {
"@vocab": "https://github.com/casework",
"@graph":[
  "@id": "digital_photograph1",
  "@type": "Trace",
  "propertyBundle": [
    "@type": "File",
    "magicNumber": "/9j/4AAQSkZ",
    "mimeType": "image/jpg"
    "@type": "ContentData",
    "hash": [
     "@type": "Hash",
     "hashMethod": "MD5",
     "hashValue": "1D6EBB5A789ABD108FF578263E1F40F3" }
```

```
"@type": "RasterPicture",
"pictureType": "jpg",
"pictureheight": 12345,
"picturewidth": 12345,
"bitsPerPixel": 2
  "@type": "EXIF",
  "exifData":[
       "key": "Make",
       "value": "Canon"
```



```
casework Create Oresteia.json example
                                                                                                         13eca4b 23 hours ago
1 contributor
                                                                                                       History
739 lines (736 sloc) 20.7 KB
                                                                                                Blame
                                                                                          Raw
      "@context": {
         "@vocab": "http://case.example.org/core#",
         "case": "http://case.example.org/core#",
                                                                                   CASE – crime series example
        "rdf": "http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#",
                                                                      (Clytemnestra, Agamemnon, Cassandra,
        "rdfs": "http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#",
         "xsd": "http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#"
  8
                                                                               Aegisthus, Orestes, Electra...)
      "@id": "bundle-3b13e958a-d975-41aa-b1bb-029d2b6707cd".
      "@type": "Bundle",
      "annos": [
        "This illustrative scenario imagines The Oresteia in the age mobile device-
        "To reduce repetitive examples in this illustrative scenario, not all Identity objects
        "Thyestes is the victim in Crime A, and the offender in Crime B",
  14
        "Clock on Clytemnestra's device is one day and one hour slow (offet -25 hours)",
        "There will be an action for each successful parsing of a file and file objects for each collected file."
  17
      "content": [
          "@id": "investigation-4586742a-710a-454f-bcb8-b60e230ec1b2",
          "@type": "Investigation",
  21
          "name": "Crime A".
```

CASE "baked-in" data markings

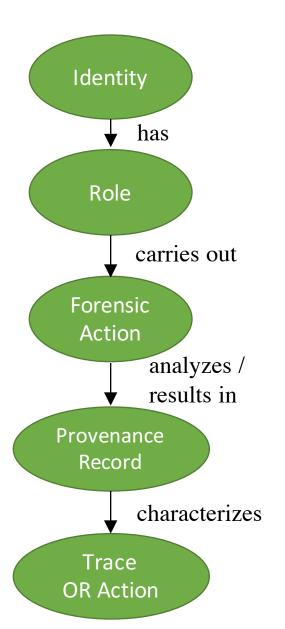
```
"@id": "marking-01bc435348294d558d520a0790df9",
"@type": "MarkingDefinition",
"name": "FIRST.org Mailing List IEP",
"definitionType": "IEPMarking",
"definition": [
  "@type": "IEPMarking",
  "version": 1,
  "reference": "https://www.first.org/mailinglistiep",
  "start-date": "2016-06-09 10:09:00",
  "end-date": "2016-12-31 10:09:00",
```

```
"encrypt-in-transit": "MAY",
   "encrypt-at-rest": "MAY",
   "permitted-actions": "EXTERNALLY VISIBLE DIRECT ACTS",
   "affected-party-notifications": "MAY",
   "tlp": "AMBER",
   "attribution": "MUST NOT",
   "obfuscate-affected-parties": "MUST",
   "unmodified-resale": "MUST NOT",
   "external-reference":
"www.first.org/about/policies/bylaws"
```

assert data comprehensive) on bundle object les anularis

```
"@id": "email-59e9cf76-08c3-4f0b-a319-2a3b55b54f03",
"@type": "Trace",
"objectMarking": ["marking-01bc435348294d558d520ab7e0790df9"],
"propertyBundle": [
  "@type": "EmailMessage",
  "to": ["EmailAccount-bb704188-de16-4743-92fc-b4cba6f9f464"],
  "cc": ["EmailAccount-6c0e2c89-05c2-4713-8a2e-51126725c783"],
  "bcc": ["EmailAccount-a41737ad-558c-44a4-8031-40c623b3f07b"],
  "from": "EmailAccount-bcc67257-331c-4151-8818-1196eb91e7e0",
  "subject": "Example email message",
  "sender": "EmailAccount-bcc67257-331c-4151-8818-1196eb91e7e0",
  "receivedTime": "2017-03-28T13:44:23.40Z",
  "sentTime": "2017-03-28T13:44:22.19Z",
  "messageID": "CAKBqNfyKo+ZXtkz6DUjW-pvHkJy6kwO82jTbkNA@mail.gmail.com"
```

Provenance Records & Forensic Actions



- Evidence handling
 - Who obtained digital traces, when, where, how...
- Evidence processing
 - What tool/method was used, parameters, results...
- Evidence analysis (automated and human)
 - What is the meaning of specific digital traces...

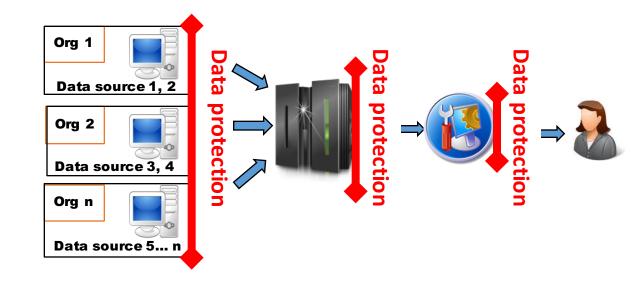
Proof-of-concept API



```
casework / case-implementation-plaso
  <> Code
             (!) Issues 0
                             1 Pull requests 0
                                                  Projects 0
                                                                  Insights -
                 case-implementation-plaso / case_plaso_export.py
 Branch: master ▼
 casework Remove case API and update README
 1 contributor
 48 lines (39 sloc) | 1.42 KB
        Outputs event data contained in a plaso storage file into a JSON-LD
        document following the CASE ontology.
        import argparse
        import rdflib
        import os
        import case
        from case_plaso import plaso_exporter
        def main():
            parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
                'Plaso-CASE',
                description='Extracts plaso events from a plaso storage file and '
    17
                            'outputs a CASE document.')
```

Benefits of standard format

- Less time extracting and combining data
- More time analyzing information
- Breakdown data silos
- Visibility across all sources
- Tool testing and validation
- Find links and patterns
- Data protection



Future work

2017:

- Community review of CASE
- Map current tools and fill gaps (GitHub)
- Implement in current tools

2018:

- Tools exporting CASE packages
- Systems importing CASE packages
- Systems automatically exchanging CASE packages

The Future: Systems fusing CASE packages from all tools... Fusion!



Join us

CASE GitHub
 https://github.com/casework

Regular developer calls



 Coordination POC cyberinvestigationexpress@gmail.com